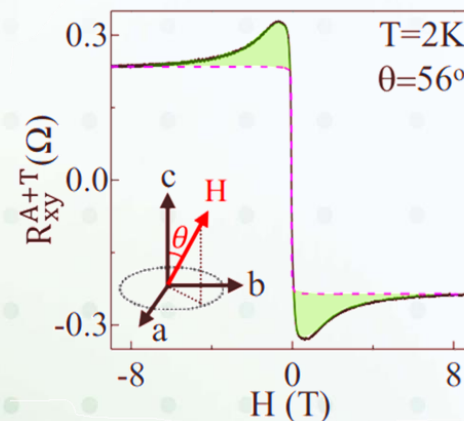
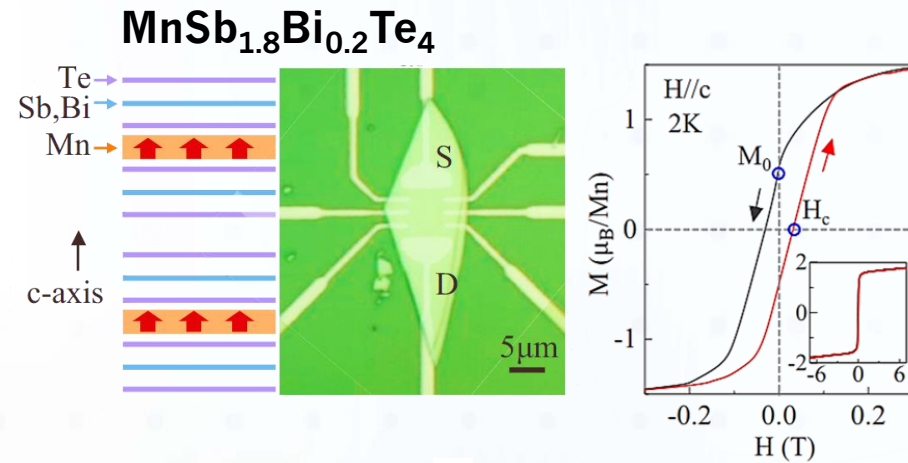


# Ferromagnetism in van der Waals compound $\text{MnSb}_{1.8}\text{Bi}_{0.2}\text{Te}_4$

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$\text{MnBi}_2\text{Te}_4$  has recently been established as the first intrinsic antiferromagnetic (AFM) topological insulator. Although quantum anomalous Hall effect (QAHE) has been observed in  $\text{MnBi}_2\text{Te}_4$ , it is only realized with odd numbers of septuple layers due to the AFM interlayer coupling. Therefore, it is crucial to stabilize ferromagnetic (FM) phase in  $\text{MnBi}_2\text{Te}_4$ . We have discovered a new FM phase with the Curie temperature of 26 K in the  $\text{MnSb}_{1.8}\text{Bi}_{0.2}\text{Te}_4$  sample through tuning growth conditions, in contrast to the AFM order seen in the  $\text{Mn}(\text{Bi}_{1-x}\text{Sb}_x)_2\text{Te}_4$  family. We have investigated magnetotransport properties of the FM thin flakes and observed features similar to topological Hall effect. Our work pushes forward the realization of intrinsic FM topological insulator and establishes a new platform to explore novel topological quantum states arising from the interplay between magnetism and band topology.



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